RESOURCES



MAINE CENTER FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION www.mainepublichealth.gov/rabies 1-800-821-5821



MAINE DEPARTMENT OF INLAND FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE www.maine.gov/ifw 1-207-287-8000



MAINE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FOOD AND RURAL RESOURCES www.maine.gov/agriculture 1-207-287-3701



MAINE ANIMAL CONTROL
ASSOCIATION
www.macamaine.com



APHIS WILDLIFE SERVICES www.aphis.usda.gov/ws/rabies 1-866-4-USDA-WS 1-207-629-5181

RABIES

in Maine



EDUCATION



PREVENTION



CONTROL



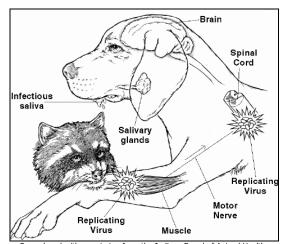
WHAT IS RABIES?

Rabies is a disease caused by a virus that is deadly to humans and any animal with hair or fur such as a raccoon, skunk, fox, bat, dog, cat, cow, or horse.

What does the virus do?

Once inside the body, the rabies virus infects nerve cells and spreads to the brain causing nerve and brain damage. An infected animal can spread rabies by biting another animal or human. If not treated, rabies is almost always deadly but treatment works if given right away.

Rabies infection of a dog from a raccoon bite:



Reproduced with permission from the Indiana Board of Animal Health

HOW CAN YOU PREVENT RABIES?

- Vaccinate both indoor and outdoor pets
- Do not approach, handle, or feed wildlife or unknown domestic animals
- **☼** Do not move wildlife from one area to another
- Report sick, stray, or strange-acting animals
- If bitten or scratched by an animal, contact a healthcare provider right away





RABIES SURVEILLANCE

Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention (Maine CDC) and United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Wildlife Services test wild and domestic animals that are thought to have rabies. The purpose of testing is to monitor disease and manage rabies throughout the state.

In Maine, state and local agencies work together to inform the public and protect wildlife, domestic animals, and humans from rabies.

As part of a multi-country program, USDA Wildlife Services vaccinates raccoons, foxes, and coyotes to help reduce the spread of rabies in the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

Most animal rabies cases in Maine occur in wildlife, especially in raccoons, skunks, foxes, and bats. Dog bites remain the biggest concern for rabies worldwide.



WILDLIFE & DOMESTIC ANIMALS



Animals that have hair or fur and produce milk can get and spread rabies. It is important not to approach, touch, feed, or move wildlife from one area to another as this could spread rabies.

When an animal has rabies, its behavior cannot be predicted; it may attack, bite, scratch, or lose its fear of people. Even if an animal looks healthy, it can spread rabies or other diseases to other animals or people.

Domestic animals can get rabies from other animals and pass rabies on to humans.

WHAT TO DO

If a person is bitten or scratched:

Contact a healthcare provider or Maine CDC right away.

If your pet is bitten or scratched:

Contact your veterinarian and Animal Control Officer.

PUBLIC HEALTH

Rabies is one of the oldest known diseases in the world. Since there is a human vaccine to prevent rabies, many lives have been saved.

You can reduce your risk of rabies exposure by staying away from wildlife. It is important to notify a healthcare provider or Maine CDC right away if you are bitten or scratched by a wild, domestic, or stray animal.

To protect your pet against rabies, keep cats and dogs controlled when outdoors and vaccinate according to your veterinarian's instructions. Maine law requires that all dogs and cats be vaccinated for rabies.

WORLD RABIES DAY

World Rabies Day is celebrated each year on September 28th to promote rabies awareness. Each year, over 50,000 people around the world die from rabies.

www.worldrabiesday.org



TESTING & INFORMATION

RABIES TESTING:

Maine CDC 1-800-821-5821

www.mainepublichealth.gov/rabies www.mainepublichealth.gov/lab

INFORMATION:

★ DOMESTIC ANIMAL: Animal Control Officer

Call Local Town Office or Police Department

WILD ANIMAL:Maine Warden Service

Call State Police Dispatch Gray: 1-800-228-0857 Augusta: 1-800-452-4664 Orono: 1-800-432-7381 Houlton: 1-800-924-2261

₩ WILD ANIMALSURVEILLANCE:
USDA Wildlife Services
207-629-5181

